“WHAT I SHOULD KNOW THUS FAR”>  **NUMBERS 1-188**: ANSWERS MUST BE IN COMPLETE SENTENCES

1. Define relative location?
2. Define absolute location?
3. What two hemispheres do we live in?
4. What region is Georgia located in the United States?
5. Which Native American Cultural period is the oldest?
6. Which Native American Cultural period is the most advanced?
7. Out of the 5 physiographic regions in Georgia, which is the largest?
8. Which region in Georgia do you live in?
9. Which region is the most populated?
10. Which region is the smallest?
11. Which region is nick named after your foot?
12. Which region receives the most amount of rainfall?
13. What is Dalton Georgia known for?
14. What is the name of the largest freshwater wetland in the Nation?
15. Early on, why did many people settle along the fall line?
16. Which region in Georgia would you find the natural resource called Kaoline?
17. Georgia was intended to be what type of Colony?
18. Explain the 3 reasons for the Charter of 1732.
19. Who is the founder of Georgia?
20. If you could not pay your bills in England during the 1700s, what would happen?
21. The new city of Savannah was designed in what shape?
22. How many debtors came with Oglethorpe to start a new life in Georgia?
23. Who was Tomichichi?
24. Why was it important for Oglethorpe to be friends with Tomichichi?
25. How did Tomichchi and Oglethorpe communicate with each other?
26. What problems did the first settlers face in Savannah?
27. Explain what the term “mercantilism” means?
28. What country benefited from the new trade policy?
29. Give one example of how a raw good can be turned into a finished product to be sold?
30. What were the three rules for the colonists that came with James Oglethorpe?
31. What does discontent mean?
32. Who were the malcontents?
33. Explain why the Europeans from Austria left their country to come to Georgia?
34. What were the Highland Scots known for?
35. What was the first key battle in Georgia, and explain the outcome?
36. Name Georgia’s first 3 royal governors in order.
37. Of Georgia’s first three royal governors, which was most effective?
38. Under Georgia’s royal governor leadership, what type of legislature was set up?
39. To be a member in Georgia’s lower house (legislature), how much land did one have to own?
40. What were counties called back in the 1750’s?
41. How many counties do we have today?
42. Approximately when did slavery become legal in Georgia?
43. What was the nickname given to the first real world war?
44. Why did France /Natives Indians go to war with Great Britain?
45. What did France have to give up as a result of losing the French and Indian war?
46. How did Georgia’s Boundaries change when King George issued the Proclamation of 1763?
47. How was King George going to recover the cost of the French and Indian War?
48. Why did the 13 colonies have issues with the way King George implemented taxes?
49. Explain why the colonists were unhappy with the Sugar Act?
50. Name at least one item that was taxed under the stamp act.
51. Explain why the Townshend Act infuriated the people of Boston.
52. Due to the Townshend Act, what famous event happened in the harbor of Boston?
53. What are the Intolerable acts?
54. Why did the king issue the Intolerable Acts?
55. Who authored the Declaration of Independence?
56. Name the 3 Georgians who signed the Declaration of Independence.
57. What was the name given to Georgia’s Government?
58. What was the first constitution called in the United States called? Part 2> What is the definition?
59. Who was Nancy Hart?
60. What 3 countries signed the Treaty of Paris which ended the American Revolution?
61. Name two strengths of the Georgia Constitution of 1777.
62. Name two weaknesses of the Georgia Constitution of 1777.
63. Name two strengths of the Articles of Confederation.
64. Name two weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation.
65. Under the Great Compromise, how was representation in the Senate decided? **Skip for now**
66. Under the Great Compromise, how was representation in the House of Representatives decided? **Skip for now**
67. Explain why Abraham Baldwin’s vote was critical in reference to the Great Compromise**. Skip for now**
68. Explain the concept of Federalism, and list at least one example. **skip**
69. Explain the concept of checks and balances. **skip**
70. List one example of checks and balances pg. **skip**
71. Define preamble.
72. Which article would I look for to find information about the election process? **skip**
73. Which article would I look for to find out information about education? **skip**
74. Which article would I look for to find out information about the executive branch? **skip**
75. Which article would I look for to find out information about how to amend the constitution? **skip**
76. Which article would I look for to find out information about the judicial branch? **Skip**
77. Explain how University of Georgia started as a “Land Grant” University.
78. Name Atlanta’s first capitals in order.
79. Why did Atlanta’s capitals move 5 times?
80. During Westward Expansion, name the two largest church denominations in Georgia.
81. What does Manifest Destiny mean?
82. What was the first method of distributing Native American land and what were the qualifications to receive land?
83. What was the 2nd method of Native American land distribution and explain the process.
84. Explain what took place during the Yazoo Land Fraud?
85. Name the effects the Yazoo Land Fraud had on Georgia.
86. Explain how the cotton gin functioned.
87. Did the cotton gin create a need for more or less slaves?
88. What was the name of Georgia’s railroad?
89. Name in order the names given to Atlanta.
90. Name the two Native American tribes living in Georgia.
91. Which creek leader was killed by his own people, and for what reason?
92. Where in Georgia was gold discovered and as a result, what happened to the Cherokees?
93. Name the 3 parts to the Declaration of Independence.
94. What role did John Ross have in the Native American removal process?
95. Who was Chief Justice John Marshal?
96. What was the outcome of the court case Worcester v. Georgia?
97. Which president signed the Indian Removal Act?
98. Why has History named the Indian Removal “Trail of Tears”?
99. Define the term Antebellum.
100. What section of the United States believed in tariffs?
101. The southern states based their economy on?
102. The northern states based their economy on?
103. Explain the concept of nullification.
104. Explain the concept of States Rights.
105. Explain all rules of the Missouri Compromise.
106. Explain all rules of the Compromise of 1850.
107. What did Georgia politicians say under the “Georgia Platform”?
108. Define the term abolitionist.
109. Explain the outcome of the Dred Scott Case.
110. Explain the purpose of Union Blockades?
111. List some key components of The Emancipation Proclamation.
112. In your opinion, what was Lincoln’s motivation for issuing The Emancipation Proclamation?
113. Explain the outcome of The Battle of Chicamauga?
114. Why was William Sherman given orders to burn Atlanta to the ground?
115. What was Andersonville?
116. Explain what the term Reconstruction is in reference to.
117. Which amendment abolished slavery?
118. Which amendment granted citizenship to all persons born in the U.S.(Equal rights and protection under the law).
119. Which amendment granted citizens the right to vote?
120. Why was the Freedmen’s Bureau created?
121. Explain the difference between tenant farming and sharecropping
122. List at least two accomplishments of Henry McNeal Turner.
123. Explain the original purpose of the KKK, and what they later became.
124. Name one positive contribution that the Bourbons brought to Georgia?
125. Name a negative contribution that the Bourbons brought to Georgia.
126. Who gave the famous Atlanta Compromise speech at the International Cotton Exp?
127. Who sponsored the Rural Free Delivery Bill?
128. Explain the events that fueled the Atlanta race riots?
129. Explain the outcome of the Leo Frank Case
130. What positive effects did Henry Grady have on Georgia?
131. What negative effect did Tom Watson have on Georgia?
132. What type of exhibits were shown at the International Cotton Exp?
133. What was the purpose of the International Cotton Exp?
134. What does “PRE-JUDICE” mean?
135. In your own words, what does “ANTI-SEMITISM” mean?
136. What was the purpose of the County Unit System?
137. List one example of Jim Crow laws?
138. Which famous court case made Jim Crow laws legal, and what was the Supreme Court’s decision?
139. What does the term disenfranchisement mean?
140. Name two black code laws
141. Name at least two methods of racial violence.
142. Explain Booker T. Washington’s view on “Social Equality”
143. Explain W.E.B. Dubois’s view on “Social Equality”
144. Name the accomplishments of Alonzo Herndon?
145. Why did the United States get involved in WWl? (hint>U-boats)
146. Explain the “ZIMMERMAN TELEGRAPH”
147. Name 3 ways Georgia helped with the war effort?
148. How did Georgia help in the war effort?
149. **When did WWI end?**
150. What two events brought Georgia into a depression, even before the Great Depression?
151. What was Eugene Talmadge’s view on integration?
152. What group of people did Eugene Talmadge work hard to support?
153. How long and what years did the Great Depression take place?
154. What was the nick name given to the Great Depression?
155. List at least two reasons for the Great Depression?
156. What president was responsible of the New Deal Programs?
157. What was the main purpose for the New Deal Programs?
158. Explain the main purpose of the Agricultural Adjustment Act?
159. Name at least 3 things that the Civilian Conservation Corps built?
160. Name at least 2 groups of people that the Social Security Act helped?
161. The Boll-Weevil migrated into the United States from where?
162. Because of the Drought, what did it force farmers to do?
163. Because of the drought, African Americans migrated to where?
164. Explain the purpose of the Rural Electrification Act?
165. Where did F.D.R. come up with the idea for the Rural Electrification Act?
166. Explain what the word Nationalism means and give one example.
167. Explain what the term militarism means and give one example.
168. What is the difference between a dictator from of government and a democracy?
169. Explain the term imperialism and give one example.
170. Name the axis powers
171. Name one dictator from the Axis powers.
172. Name at least one event that showed Germany was headed for WWII.
173. Name at least one event that showed Japan was headed for WWII.
174. Name at least one event that showed Italy was headed for WWII.
175. Explain how the U. S. tried to remain neutral during WWII?
176. Explain what took place on Dec. 7, 1941.
177. Why did President Franklin D. Roosevelt meet with Congress on Monday, Dec. 8, 1941?
178. How did Bell Aircraft, military bases, and ship yards impact Georgia’s economy?
179. Name the two major sea ports in Georgia during WWII.
180. Name at least two military bases in Georgia?
181. How did the Liberty ship impact WWII?
182. Explain how Richard B. Russell impacted WWII?
183. How did Carl Vinson impact WWII?
184. Under Hitler’s rule, why were Jewish people persecuted?
185. How does prejudice start?
186. Why did Franklin D. Roosevelt visit Georgia so many times?
187. How did F.D.R. Impact farmers in rural areas?
188. Why is Warms Springs important today?
189. A term used to describe how each branch of government as independent duties and powers.
190. Name at least two responsibilities citizens should have in the United States?
191. Explain the purpose of the Constitution.
192. Explain why our government has a system of Checks and balances.
193. List one way the legislative branch can check on the executive branch.
194. List one way the executive can check on the legislative branch.
195. Google on your phone: How can the judicial branch check on the legislative branch?
196. What is the name given to Georgia’s legislative branch?
197. What is the role of the legislative branch?
198. How old must one be to be a house member and senator?
199. Name the top two officials in the state executive branch.
200. How long is a governor’s term?
201. What are the 3 qualifications to be a governor?
202. What is role of the executive branch?
203. What does the state judicial branch consist of?
204. What are the terms of court judges?
205. How old must one be to be a judge?
206. What is the role of the Judicial Branch and are the officials elected or appointed?
207. What are the 5 steps in order for a bill to become a law?
208. These groups are created to perform specific task such as housing and park authorities.
209. Explain a weak mayor-council form of government.
210. Explain a strong mayor- council form of government.
211. How has power in a council-manager form of government?
212. What are county governments responsible for?
213. How many counties do we have in Georgia?
214. Another word used to describe cities and towns?
215. A juvenile who refuses to go to school is considered what type of behavior?
216. Explain how unruly behavior is different for adults and juveniles.
217. Explain Delinquent behavior.
218. What is the age limit that defines a juvenile?
219. Google Adjudicatory hearing and explain the term.
220. Google Juvenile dispositional hearing and explain the term.
221. Google juvenile probable cause hearing and explain the term.
222. What happens if a juvenile commits one of the seven delinquent behaviors?